AN ANALYTICAL STUDY IN INVESTMENT, MARKETING AND MEDIA ACCORDING TO THE STRATEGIC ANALYSIS METHOD (SWOT)

OF THE INTERNAL ENVIRONMENT OF IRAQI

SPORTS CLUBS

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ABSTRACT

The importance of the research was demonstrated through the development of an analytical study of the reality of investment, marketing and media according to the strategic analysis method (SWOT) of the internal environment of Iraqi sports clubs, as there are several factors that led to many obstacles to sports investment and marketing and the identification of strengths and weaknesses and the most important challenges facing the internal environment. The researcher has used The survey method on the sample of the application sample from (154) forms representing the responses of the sample. The research sample was chosen randomly. A questionnaire was designed containing (2) axis containing several paragraphs that included many aspects of the internal environment according to the system (SWOC) and After distributing the questionnaire and collecting the results, the researcher reached the following conclusions. The sport clubs departments in Iraq have a weak level of the internal environment in investment, marketing and sports media.

INTRODUCTION

Sports clubs sought to employ all resources, material and moral capabilities, in order to overcome all difficulties and obstacles facing clubs departments and their sports teams and the current and future changes affecting them, as well as finding the best ways to respond to rapid changes in the internal and external environment such as the Asian license and the field of investment and marketing of athletes and Privatization, therefore, the administrative authorities have the greatest responsibility in upgrading the sports institutions, whether it is a sports club or a sports federation in order to create an ideal investment and marketing environment, as well as developing material means. In order to have a permanent activity in which characteristically without hindrance to remember. The media is an integral part of the general policy of any country and it is an application of its policy through which it seeks to direct the public towards a specific policy for the state, as the most important tasks of sports media are to spread the diverse sports culture as well as to promote all kinds of sports, and to communicate all information and news to athletes and workers in the field The athlete in general and the receiver put the viewer with all the details about the events and tournaments and the results that are achieved in various international tournaments. The importance of research is highlighted by creating a solid economy that depends on sports investment and

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:Research areas

marketing, which has become one of the most important priorities for sports departments in the modern era, and this is only possible through finding the necessary and realistic mechanisms at work, and here the role of the strategic analysis system (SWOT) for the internal environment is highlighted to become a necessity It is urgent to show the facts and provide the optimal solution for many sports institutions. Therefore, the sports institution must understand its internal environment and analyze the strengths and weaknesses therein, in order to determine the best ways to respond to rapid changes and invest them towards achieving the best performance for them. The mathematics of internal environmental analysis by reinforcing strengths, and overcoming weaknesses

:Research problem

Through the work of the researcher in the field of sports media and his direct knowledge of the reality of the state of sports clubs, it is noticed that there is a clear variation in the nature of the work of the Iraqi sports club departments and their inability to achieve success and how to get away from the crises or threats that confuse its work, and perhaps the most important reasons facing it are the physical challenges Which causes great suffering for athletes, coaches and workers within these clubs, as a result of the high rates of payments over income ratios and the impact of this on the course of work of the club, which seeks to provide future services that put it on the right track. Therefore, it is required from the departments of these clubs to study the strategic analysis to determine their current and future goals and find a suitable investment and marketing environment through which these threats and financial crises are overcome, all this prompted the researcher to study this problem an extensive analytical and scientific study according to the (swot) model for the internal environment (point analysis) Strength and Weakness) in the fields of sports investment and marketing, and preparing them in a way that suits the requirements for the advancement and development of club management work, and helps them in achieving the positive relationship between strategic environmental analysis and the goals they seek to achieve research aims:

- Building a scale for investment, marketing and media for Iraqi sports clubs according to the "swot" model. For the interior environment.

- Knowing the reality of investment, marketing and sports media in accordance with the (swot) model for the internal environment of Iraqi sports clubs.

:The Human Domain
Members of the administrative bodies working in Iraqi sports clubs
:For the temporal domain
Duration from 01/28/2019 to 2/12/2019
:Spatial domain
.Sports club headquarters :Defining terms
Swot Model Analysis of the Internal Environment: "The

administration undertakes strategic analysis of the surrounding environmental forces because of the importance of its impact on its goals and activities, knowing the competitive advantages in order to control its internal environment, in a way that helps the administration achieve the positive relationship between strategic environmental analysis and its required strategic goals".

MATERIALS AND METHODS:

Research Methodology:

The researcher used the descriptive method in the survey method that "descriptive research. Aims to study the current conditions of phenomena in terms of their characteristics or forms, their relationships, and the factors affecting them".

Search community and sample:

The research community was chosen intentionally. And represented by the heads and members of the administrative bodies of sports clubs in Iraq affiliated with the Ministry of Youth and Sports / Department of Sports Clubs and to determine the size of the total research community, which amounted to (300) clubs and number (2100) member of the administrative body, according to the book of the Ministry of Youth and Sports / Department of Physical Education and Sports / Department Sports Clubs No. 406 on 1/28/2019.

The sample means "the part that represents the community of origin or the model on which the researcher conducts his entire work" (3: 67). And "to implement the research steps in an accurate scientific manner, a representative sample of the parent community must be chosen" (4: 144), as the research sample was randomly selected (41) clubs from (369) members with a percentage (17.5%) of the research community and consisted of the sample Reconnaissance of three clubs with a number (22)

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administratively and the construction sample consisted of (16) clubs and consisted of (122) members. After retrieving and sorting the data, (4) invalid or nonhyphenated forms were dropped as the building sample became (118) and the applied research sample by the way Randomness, as (22) clubs were chosen, and the number of the sample members reached (160), head and members of the administrative bodies of sports clubs for institutions in Iraq, and after retrieving For data and sorting, (6) invalid or non-receipted forms were dropped, as the application sample became one of (154) forms representing the responses of the sample.

Means of gathering information, tools and devices used in research:

Arab and foreign sources. -

). International Electronic Information Network (Internet -Phrase Survey Questionnaire (for S.O.W.T scale). --Personal interviews.

Field research procedures:

: Standard Building Procedures

For the purpose of building the scale of investment, marketing and sports media according to the model ((S.O.W.T for Iraqi sports clubs), the researcher followed the steps outlined by each of (Kronbach 1970) (14: 469) as it indicates that the process of building any scale goes through the following steps:

:The purpose of building a scale

The first step to building a specific scale is to clearly define the purpose of the scale and what is the intended use of this scale, which is to identify the reality of investment, marketing and sports media for Iraqi sports clubs, so the current research required building a scale of investment, marketing and sports media according to the model ((SOWT of Iraqi sports clubs) To achieve the research goal.

:Defining Scale Areas

Where the first letter (S) indicates the strength field of the organization (Strengths and the second letter) (W) indicates the field of Weaknesses

Define the method for drafting paragraphs of scale .

The researcher relied on the formulation of the scale paragraphs on the Likert method, which is similar to the multiple choice method, which is one of the common methods of measurement in educational and psychological research, as it presents the respondent with a position and asks him to determine his answer by choosing an alternative from several alternatives that have different weights he is:

:Validity of Paragraphs (Logical Analysis)

After having prepared the paragraphs of the scale of (36), which the researcher intends to present these paragraphs in their preliminary form, as attached by Appendix (3) to a group of (9) of experts and specialists in the field of sports management, economics, tests, measurement and Appendix (1). For the purpose of judging them in terms of drafting paragraphs or their validity in measuring the concept of investment, marketing and sports media for Iraqi sports clubs, they were asked to diagnose valid paragraphs of their lack thereof as well as the proposed amendment or formulate new paragraphs needed by the field, and after collecting the opinions of experts, the researcher took the paragraph agreed upon The news By (75%) and above, it has been deleted paragraph (19) of the axis of power and paragraph (16) of the axis of weakness

.Correcting the scale

To correct the scale, the researcher followed the Lekart method, and after collecting the forms, the administrators 'answers (the construction sample) were corrected using a five-point correction key, which is" the tool by which the result of the answers that indicate the variables measured "is corrected (5: 114), for its negative and positive paragraphs in Grades are calculated according to Table (1).

Table (1): Shows the alternatives and their weights

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very much	Much	Sometimes	Scarcely	very seldom	Alternatives
5	4	3	2	1	Positive direction
1	2	3	4	5	Negative direction

Scale levels:

Levels of the scale were found, based on the range method, according to the estimation of the grades of the fifth scale (Likert method). The level was divided as follows:

Table (2)

Shows percentage and levels

Level type	percentage	the middle	Level type	sequence
Low	0.2 to 0.36	From 1 to less 1,8	level one	1
Acceptable	0.36 to 0.52	1,81 to less 2,6	Second Level	2
The average	0.52 to 0.68	2.61 to less 3.4	The third level	3
good	0.68 to 0.84	3.41 to less 4.2	fourth level	4
High	0.84 to 100	4.21 to the lowest 5	level five	5

Construction experience:

The experiment of building was conducted on a sample of (122) administrators distributed on sports clubs, as the special forms were distributed by the assistant work team on (5/26/2019), and the Ministry of Youth and Sports / Department of Physical and Sports Education / Department of Sports Clubs was also hired Addressing sports clubs in the Iraqi governorates with the love of book number (2276) on 6/13/2019 in sending the questionnaire to all clubs as the sample was randomly chosen and the purpose of the experiment was to conduct scientific transactions for the scale and after retrieving and sorting the data, (4) forms were dropped Not valid or not hyphen as it became The construction sample of (118) forms represents the responses of the construction sample

Psychometric properties of the scale:

A: Certify content:

- Al-Dhahri Sadiq: which indicates the relevance of the scale paragraphs to the variable to be measured. This indicator of truth is achieved "when a person related to the subject decides that the scale is appropriate for the characteristic to be measured, and this may be an expert" The apparent truth of the scale was achieved when the scale was presented in its primary form to a group of experts to judge the validity of its paragraphs in measuring.

- Logical honesty: This indicator of honesty was available in the current scale when starting the preparation of the scale through the definition of the concept of the scale of investment, marketing and sports media according to a model (S.O.W.T) for the internal environment of Iraqi sports clubs and defining its areas and paragraphs.

B: Construct Validity.

First: the discriminatory power of the paragraphs.

The answers of all of the 118 sample respondents were excluded. The total score was determined for each of the forms. The forms were arranged in descending order from the highest to the lowest. Then the upper (27%) percentage was chosen with the number of (32) forms, and the lowest (27%) with the number of (32) forms from the grades to represent the extremist group and excluding the (46%) mean with the number of (54) forms and then the test (t. test) for the purpose of calculating the

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discrimination factor for each of the paragraphs of the scale of (34) and the results have shown that the calculated significance level is smaller than the value of the approved significance level (0.05), which means the significance of the values of (calculated) all calculated and for all paragraphs except for paragraphs (12) Table (3)

indication	Error level	Value of t	Statistical p		the group	Paragraph
			standard	Arithmetic		
			deviation	mean		
moral	0.003	3.123	1.03954	3.8750	Upper group	1
			1.34254	2.9375	Lower group	
moral	0.000	5.265	1.11034	3.8438	Upper group	
			1.07341	2.4063	Lower group	2
moral	0.026	2.28	1.37335	3.2813	Upper group	2
			1.01153	2.5938	Lower group	3
moral	0.000	6.256	0.96668	4.0313	Upper group	
			1.18074	2.3438	Lower group	- 4
moral	0.001	3.609	1.07341	3.5938	Upper group	_
			1.00352	2.6563	Lower group	5
moral	0.162	1.415	1.2504	3.2813	Upper group	
			1.56028	2.7813	Lower group	6
moral	0.000	5.57	1.17732	3.9688	Upper group	_
			0.91581	2.5000	Lower group	7
moral	0.000	6.501	0.88843	4.2813	Upper group	0
			1.27	2.5000	Lower group	8
moral	0.000	4.352	1.20106	3.9063	Upper group	
			1.26841	2.5625	Lower group	9
moral	0.000	4.624	1.37811	3.8125	Upper group	10
			1.1531	2.3438	Lower group	- 10
moral	0.02	2.39	1.10671	3.5313	Upper group	11
			1.48106	2.7500	Lower group	11

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random	0.113	1.608	1.11984	3.6875	Upper group	
			1.21109	3.2188	Lower group	12
moral	0.002	3.157	1.09939	3.7813	Upper group	
			1.11758	2.9063	Lower group	13
moral	0.000	3.697	1.09203	4.0313	Upper group	
			1.26841	2.9375	Lower group	
moral	0.000	4.988	0.89747	3.9688	Upper group	
			1.3183	2.5625	Lower group	15
moral	0.031	2.208	1.38504	3.7813	Upper group	
			1.33161	3.0313	Lower group	16
moral	0.000	4.79	1.06208	4.0313	Upper group	
			1.07763	2.7500	Lower group	
moral	0.000	3.834	1.13592	4.0000	Upper group	
			1.27278	2.8438	Lower group	18
moral	0.000	2.846	1.04727	3.5000	Upper group	
			1.22967	2.6875	Lower group	
moral	0.000	3.557	1.40132	3.6875	Upper group	
			1.19094	2.5313	Lower group	20
moral	0.000	4.382	1.09985	3.8750	Upper group	
			1.12478	2.6563	Lower group	21
moral	0.000	3.288	1.18074	3.6563	Upper group	
			1.17604	2.6875	Lower group	22
moral	0.000	5.324	1.12478	3.6563	Upper group	
			0.98374	2.2500	Lower group	23
moral	0.000	3.98	1.29515	3.7500	Upper group	
			1.01153	2.5938	Lower group	24

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moral	0.000	5.185	0.96512	4.1875	Upper group	
	0.000	0.100	019 00 12		opper group	25
			1.14828	2.8125	Lower group	23
moral	0.000	4.032	1.016	3.7500	Upper group	
			1.09065	2.6875	Lower group	26
moral	0.001	3.619	1.18755	3.4063	Upper group	
			1.22967	2.3125	Lower group	27
moral	0.000	5.532	0.97551	3.8750	Upper group	
			0.87471	2.5938	Lower group	28
moral	0.044	2.058	1.16398	3.2500	Upper group	
			1.26364	2.6250	Lower group	29
moral	0.002	3.241	1.20775	3.6563	Upper group	
			1.26004	2.6563	Lower group	30
moral	0.000	4.25	1.26642	3.5938	Upper group	
			0.9456	2.4063	Lower group	31
moral	0.000	3.718	1.19094	3.5313	Upper group	
			1.16224	2.4375	Lower group	32
moral	0.005	2.891	1.38541	3.3750	Upper group	
			1.10671	2.4688	Lower group	33
moral	0.002	3.215	1.016	3.7500	Upper group	
			1.43684	2.7500	Lower group	34

At a degree of freedom (62) and the significance level (0,05)

Second: the coherence coefficient of internal (relationship of the degree of the paragraph to the total degree):

" The coherence coefficient is used, to provide us with evidence for the homogeneity of the paragraphs," "The coherence coefficient is the coefficient of correlation between the scores of each paragraph and the overall degree of scale." To find the coefficient of coherence, Pearson correlation coefficient is used between the degree of Each paragraph and the total score for the scale and for all individuals of the sample of (118) and all of the paragraphs were approved, and thus (33) paragraphs remain for measuring investment, marketing and sports media according to the model (SOWT) for the internal environment of Iraqi sports clubs) and table (4) shows that.

Table (4)

Pearson Simple Correlation Coefficients for Scale Paragraph Validity

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Error level	Their coefficient of correlation	Paragraph number	Error level	Their coefficient of correlation	Paragraph number
0.000	0.575	18	0.000	0.385	1
0.000	0.430	19	0.000	0.483	2
0.000	0.453	20	0.015	0.224	3
0.000	0.549	21	0.000	0.372	4
0.000	0.465	22	0.000	0.412	5
0.000	0.519	23	0.000	0.401	6
0.000	0.468	24	0.000	0.667	7
0.000	0.390	25	0.000	0.535	8
0.000	0.570	26	0.000	0.497	9
0.000	0.575	27	0.000	0.590	10
0.000	0.528	28	0.000	0.554	11
0.000	0.402	29	0.000	0.503	12
0.000	0.484	30	0.000	0.476	13
0.000	0.327	31	0.000	0.481	14
0.000	0.527	32	0.000	0.552	15
0.000	0.425	33	0.000	0.421	16
			0.000	0.576	17

: Exploration Experience Stability of scale First: the half-way method.

The researcher used the midterm segmentation method because it is one of the most widely used method of consistency. "This method is based on dividing the test paragraphs into two halves, the first contains the paragraphs with odd numbers and the other contains the paragraphs with even numbers, and thus this method covers equal degrees for the two halves of the paragraphs." (8: 24 Therefore, the use of questionnaires of the experimental sample amounting to (118) used a questionnaire, and the value of the correlation coefficient between the two halves reached (0.829) at an error level of (0,000), and as we learned that this value shows the stability of the half of the test, so (Spearman-Brown equation) was used. Adjust the value of the half-test stability coefficient The Spearman-Brawn stability indication equation has reached the value of the stability factor of the scale (0,906) and this is a good indicator as the reliable stability factor ranges between (0.62 - 0.93)

which is a high stability factor, reliable To estimate test stability.

Second: The method (Alpha Kronbach Factories).

To calculate stability with the Alpha Cronbach coefficient for the scale, its value was (0.906), which is a high reliable reliability coefficient to estimate the stability of the test.

:The objectivity of the scale

After the data was emptied from the test and repeated, it became clear that all the paragraphs were clear to the sample as they are distinguished by the fact that the alternatives are multiple choice and do not accept the answer to more than one alternative and there is no paragraph in the open answer as the questionnaire is highly objective and it is not possible to disagree on the degrees obtained Sample individuals.

:The basic experiment of the scale

The researcher applied the scale with the auxiliary work team, and the number of the sample members reached

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(160), head and members of the administrative bodies of sports clubs for institutions in Iraq. After retrieving and sorting the data, (6) invalid or non-arriving forms were dropped as the construction sample became from (154) forms representing responses The sample is on 25/25/2019 until 12/20/2019, as the number of questionnaires distributed to sports clubs under consideration was (160) form and the return (156) form among them (154) form is valid

:Statistical means

The researcher processed the statistical data by using the statistical program (spss).

RESULT AND DISCUSSION:

View, analyze and discuss the results of the power axis :Learn about the results of the power axis

Table (5): Shows the calculated value of t between the theoretical mean and the arithmetic mean of the power axis in the internal environment

indication	Error level	computed (t)	The hypothetical medium	standard deviation	Mediator	Degree	the field
moral	0.000	14.65	51	4.887	46	45.227	Power

Discuss the results of the power axis

Table shows that the mean of the axis is significantly different from the value of the hypothetical mean and indicates that the sample members have a lower degree than the assumed mean. The researcher believes that the strength axis is one of the axes of the internal environment and has a relationship with the administrative personality or the special characteristics of members of the administrative body or the administrative and leadership capabilities enjoyed by members of the administrative body and this is due to the formation of the administrative personality and to the scientific and practical experiences he possesses in the leadership of the club as well as the power granted to the member from Before the general assembly members, it includes the strengths of the skills and preparations that help the club outperform other clubs in the competition climate, and perhaps the most important factor of strength is the financial and economic management of the club. And the fact that the economy and sports, such as investment, marketing and sports media, are a newly emerging economic approach that emerged in Iraq as a result of political and economic transformations that have appeared in the world and Iraq in particular, and this requires members of administrative bodies to keep abreast of the administrative change process, and to find programs and strategies based on the sustainability of work for the future to build a solid base For the club by sacrificing or postponing some programs and procedures, and here (Muhammad Al-Kalawi) indicates that investment and marketing "is based on sacrifice to satisfy a special consumer desire and not just postpone it just as it is with regard to saving, in the hope of Get more satisfying in the future " This would be a hindrance either to the directions and aspirations of the administrative authorities facing this stage through not achieving them concrete goals, as the weakness of experiences, skills, knowledge and information not members of administrative bodies and their ability to assume responsibility for work as well as developments witnessed by the world's clubs and programs and its openness by working with many diverse economic institutions and informing them All that is new in the outside world and following the precise mechanisms in work and clear evaluation, and this is what the members of the administrative entities are away from in sacrifice or postponing the programs because of their permanent and direct dependence on the financial resources A panel for them and the provision of these financial capabilities by the higher authorities, and this is indicated by (Hassan Al-Zoghbi) that "the modernity of management information systems is to increase the effectiveness of management by satisfying its data and information needs" In addition, there is no realistic investment, marketing, and media narration by club departments, and this is reflected in

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decision-making and implementation within the club, relying on gifts granted by the state or institutions, and here (Hussam Hassan Shehata) shows that investment, marketing, and media in the sports field is a system of decisions The strategy is to operate the assets of sports institutions (financial and human) in order to preserve and develop them to achieve appropriate future returns that help the institution to achieve its sports, economic and social goals in a balanced manner " Therefore, the results were logical.

Presentation, analysis and discussion of the results of the vulnerability axis:

Table (6)

Shows the calculated value of t between the theoretical mean and the mean for the axis of weakness in the internal environment

indication	Error level	computed (t)	The medium	hypothetical	standard deviation	Mediator	College degree	the field
moral	0.000	8.666	51		5.542	55	54.870	weakness

:discuss the results of the vulnerability axis

The mean of the axis is significantly different from the value of the hypothetical mean and indicates that the sample members have a greater degree than the assumed mean. The researcher believes that weakness is one of the indicators of the internal environment and has a relationship with the private vision of members of the club's general organization and their interpretation of the policies pursued by the sectoral authorities and the administrative and leadership capabilities enjoyed by members of the administrative body. The most important reasons that the results showed lie in the lack of clarity of the members of the administrative bodies of the goals of sports institutions with respect to both hobby and professionalism or by setting a clear policy for investment, marketing and information for sports facilities and athletes, in addition to the difference of narration between them, and the absence of an administrative body for sports investment, sports marketing and specialized media all of these The reasons led to raising the level of weakness in the field of investment, marketing and sports media, as well as the most important reasons are the method for selecting public bodies for clubs and private laws, as well as the lack of these bodies to sound scientific contexts in how The selection of its members, whether they are administrative or technical, and their position in the specialized and accurate field, which is commensurate with their qualifications, and their ability, which was

reflected negatively, on achieving the required goals, which in turn causes economic problems, this negatively affects the process of achieving the goals correctly, and here confirms (Muhammad Hassan Allawi) "The success of an administrator in his work is closely related to his level, information, knowledge and abilities in the type of specialization that specializes in work in his field. The more distinguished a sports administrator is with a highly specialized qualification, the more he becomes proficient in theoretical knowledge and methods of its application" In addition, there are no specific criteria far from the whims for setting investment and marketing plans and strategies in order to help the administrative bodies to reconsider plans and goals and evaluate their success or failure in the economic aspect and lack of interest and work with comprehensive quality standards that develops the level of performance and increase its efficiency in line with any message An institution and its goals, as evaluating the performance philosophy according to the philosophy of comprehensive quality on the basis of "the involvement of the concerned in evaluation, that is, who aims to evaluate it, and in light of the criteria for evaluating its performance, in order to give the opportunity to improve its achievement through changing performance methods or developing product technologies" All these reasons led to a weakness more than expected, so the results appeared logical.

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CONCLUSIONS:

- Sports clubs departments in Iraq have an acceptable level in investment, marketing and sports media for the internal environment (axis of strength) according to the scale (S.W.O.T)

- There is a weakness in the (strength) axis of the internal environment among sports club administrations in Iraq.

- The sports club departments in Iraq have an average level of investment, marketing and media in Riyadh for the internal environment (the axis of weakness) according to the scale (S.W.O.T)

- Sports club departments in Iraq have a weak level of the internal environment in investment, marketing and sports media.

- Adopting the current scale designed by the researcher to reveal the strengths and weaknesses of the internal environment and the points of opportunities and threats in the external environment of Iraqi sports clubs.

- Investing the strengths and making them an incentive to develop the level of administrative work within sports clubs and to address weaknesses in the internal environment.

- Providing the appropriate environment for the investment and marketing process in sports clubs to increase their financial resources and enable them to build sports facilities, provide equipment and tools, and improve the social and material condition of workers in the sports community.

- Development and promotion of the internal and external environments, investment, marketing and sports media.

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Annex (1)

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Start	Scarcely	Sometimes	frequently	Always	Paragraphs	sequence
					AXIS OF STRENGTH	
					Club management puts a new mechanism through modern ideas for the purpose of change and development in the concept of investment and marketing.	1
					The club members are interested in gathering information and electronic data about players, good sport performance, and monitoring sports markets.	2
					The club deals with information about existing investment and marketing through modern technologies.	3
					The goals and strategies are clearly and clearly understood by the club administration for the purpose of implementation.	4
					The club administration has concluded twinning agreements with distinguished external clubs in order to exchange experiences and develop administrative work.	5
					The club administration organizes marketing and investment conferences and advertisement opportunities	6
					The management of the club provides the best means in various circumstances and investing them towards achieving financial returns	7
					The club has made publicity about existing investment and marketing through modern technologies.	8
					The relationship between the club and the media helps to maximize financial revenues, methods, and various methods in implementing them and achieving goals.	9
					The club administration is working to create a suitable work environment and encourage players and coaches to participate in sports programs for financial returns.	10
					The Olympic Committee and the Ministry of Youth allocate financial aid to sports clubs	11
					The club administration is working to compare what has been achieved and what has been achieved from the goals set out in the results.	12
					There is a clear vision of loaning players to other clubs and covering financial expenses	13
					The club management is making good investment of the available material and human capabilities in order to ensure the development in the games.	14
					Sports clubs have become commercial institutions that increase material gain.	15
					Many businesses use sports as a way to spread their products to the public.	16

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Venture capitalists benefit from the privatization of sports	17
clubs in finding new investment opportunities.	
AXIS OF WEAKNESS	
Failure of the club's administrative body to clarify its objectives and tasks for investment, marketing and media that are delegated and written in writing.	18
The club administration does not specify the responsibility, authority and how to do it.	19
The club administration is not working to create the appropriate environment for the implementation of programs and administrative work.	20
The lack of suitability of the current sports facilities with the needs of the beneficiaries of the various types of investment	21
The non-governmental and non-governmental institutions are not open to supporting the club's management.	22
The club encourages those working in federations and clubs to work in situations where conflicts are abundant in a constructive way	23
Lack of ownership of sports clubs facilities that provide them with financial returns.	24
The club's administration lacks a well-thought-out business plan to attract scientific degrees to serve economic and sports work.	25
The absence of a committee to study the future plans that the club's administration places for external participation.	26
The club administration lacks a specialized administrative system to monitor and follow up the club's sporting competitions.	27
The club administration does not establish auditing programs for the financial aspects, the use of computers for budget preparation, and the moderation of financial authorities available for sports clubs.	28
There is no plan for resolving financial crises in institutional sports clubs.	29
The club administration has no opportunity for telemarketing	30
The club lacks special work programs to offer investment opportunities.	31
Laws stand in the way of investment opportunities	32
I am not working to involve players in advertising for advertising.	33
Weak internal control systems and the inefficiency of internal audit agencies	34